

Train-the-Trainers Workshop on HCFC and HFC Control

# Risk Profiling and Inspection Technique

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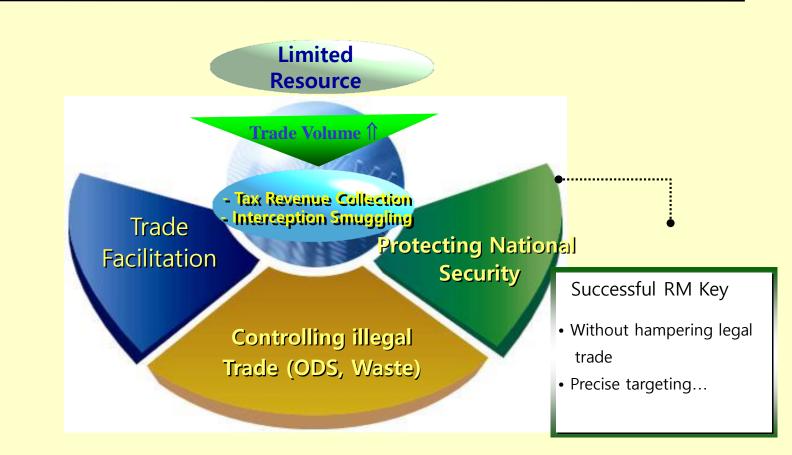
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### I. Why Risk Profiling for Customs?







□ What? ODS or Non-ODS: H.S codes

UWho? Licensed Im/exporter

□ Where? ODS and HFC producing country

**How?** Transport Route

**Why?** Reasonable trade





#### **Risk indicators**

#### General perspective

- Routes
- Paperwork (chemical numbers and names consistent?)
- Shipments declared non-ODS from a producing country
- An unfamiliar supplying company
- Recycled ODS from a country without a recycling facility
- Blacklist/suspicious importers
- Blacklist/suspicious exporting companies (confidential)
- Tip-offs form industry/competitors
- New importers
- Changes in imported commodities following phase-out steps





#### **Risk indicators**

#### Indicators per trade phases

- Manifest analysis: Country or Origin, Port of Loading, T/S
  Free Trade Zone, Route
- Im/Export declaration: H.S vs. Trade Name, Supplier, Quantity
  Supporting documents (Invoice, P/L, etc.)
  Price(ODS vs. Non-ODS), License/permit
  iPIC through National Ozone Officer
- Inspection: Labeling of Cylinder and packaging(Chemical Name, AHRI, ASHRAE Code), ODS identifier
- Post Audit: Sales record, end-user, financial record, tip-off





#### H.S. Code 2017

#### CORROLATING THE 2017 VERSION TO THE 2012 OF THE HARMONIZED SYSTEM

	2017	20	12 Chemical Name	Substance
	2903.71.00	2903.71.00	CHLORODIFLUOROMETHANES	HCFC-22
	2903.72.00	2903.72.00	DICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANES	HCFC-123
HCFCs	2903.73.00	2903.73.00	DICHLOROFLUOROETHANES	HCFC-141B
	2903.74.00	2903.74.00	CHLORODIFLUOROETHANES	HCFC-142B
	2903.75.00	2903.75.00	DICHLOROPENTFLUOROPROPANES	HCFC-225
	2903.76.00	2903.76.00	BROMOCHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	HALON 1211
HALONs			BROMOTRIFLUOROMETHANE	HALON 1301
			DIBROMOTETRFLUOROETHANE	HALON 2402
	2903.77.00	2903.77.00	Other perhalogenated only with fluorine and chlorined	
	2903.78.00	2903.78.00	Other perhalogenated derivatives	
MBr	2903.39.10	2903.39.10	METHYL BROMIDE	MBr
	2903.39.90	2002 20 00	Halogenated derivatives of acrylic hydrocarbons containing two or more halogens	HFCs
<b>HFUS</b>	2903.39.90	2903.39.90	containing two of more halogens	

CFCs

#### **S** CFCs TARIFF HEADING IS NO LONGER SPECIFIED IN THE YEAR 2017 HARMONIZED SYSTEM





#### **Mixtures of HCFCs & HFCs**

2017	2012	DESCRIPTION
3824.74		Containing hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs), whether or not containing perfluorocarbons (PFCs) or hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs) but not containing CFCs
3824.74.90	3824.74.90	OTHER
3824.78.00		Containing perfluorocarbons (PFCs) or hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), but not containing chloroflluorocarbons (CFCs) or hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs)

• It is unlikely that any CFC will ever be imported as it is being phased-out internationally





## **H.S. for ODS-based Equipment**

Air conditioning machines, comprising a motor-driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity, including those machines in which the humidity cannot be separately regulated					
8415.10	Window or wall types, self- contained or "split system"	Domestic or small air conditioner			
8415.20	Of a kind used for person in motor vehicles	Car or truck air conditioner			
8415.81	Other: incorporating a refrigerating unit and a value for reversal of the cooling/heat cycle	Reversible heat pump			
8415.82	Other: incorporating a refrigerating unit	Air conditioner with a refrigerating unit			
8415.83	Other: not incorporating a refrigerating unit				
8415.90	Parts	Spare parts for an air conditioner			









### **H.S. Code for Refrigerators**

Refrigerators, freezers and other refrigerating or freezing equipment, electric or other; heat pumps other than air conditioning machines of heading 8415 8418.10 Combined refrigerator-freezers, Domestic refrigerators with fitted with separate external freezers doors Domestic refrigerators 8418.21 Refrigerators, household type: Compression-type Refrigerators, household type: Domestic refrigerators 8418.29 Other Freezers of the chest type, not Chest freezer (800 L or less) 8418.30 exceeding 800L capacity 8418.40 Freezers of the upright type, Upright freezer (900L or less) not exceeding 900L capacity Other furniture (chests, Commercial refrigerators and 8418.50 cabinets, display counters, chillers show-cases and the like) for storage and display, incorporating refrigerating or freezing equipment 8418.61 Other refrigerating or freezing Heat pumps equipment; heat pumps: heat pumps other than air conditioning machines of heading 8415 Other refrigerating or freezing 8418.69 Heat pumps equipment; heat pumps: other Parts: furniture designed to 8418.91 Spare parts for refrigerators or receive refrigerating or freezing freezers equipment Spare parts others 8418.99 Parts: other









## **III.** How to conduct risk profiling(1)

#### □ Types of illegal Trade

Declared

(License/Quota)

Mis-declaration Undeclared (double-layering) (Smuggling, FTZ)





## How to conduct risk profiling(1)

#### Collection of indicators per trade types

#### Declared ODS entry

License/Permit, iPIC, Communication with NOO, Quantity, Quota, Price check of ODS(HCFC) : Non-ODS(HFC)

#### Mis-declaration

Supplier/Importer analysis, Trade record, Price, HS-trade name, Cylinder marking and packaging(R-22, R-134a), ODS identifier What else?

#### Undeclared (double-layering and concealment)

X-ray scanning, Physical inspection, Supplier/Importer analysis, What else? Post Clearance Activities?





## How to conduct risk profiling(2)

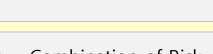
#### **Systematic approach**

Programming of Risk Indicator



Rule

Base





• Making use of Data Data 🗖 Mining

•

warehouse • Risk Modelling







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## How to conduct risk profiling(3)

#### **Profile Integration**

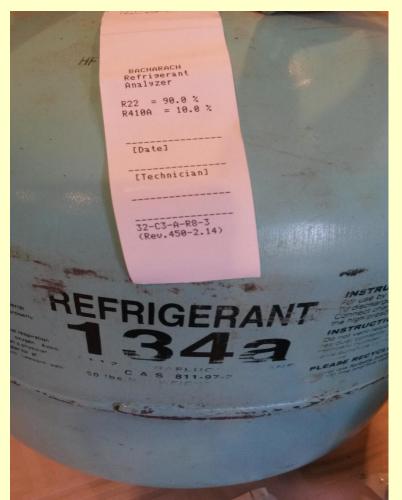
#### Monitoring in real time

#### **Drastic fluctuation Suspicious transaction** Company 🗃 관세청 동합위험관리포함 Name Goods (48182 **People** ID code. HS code 184 Name **ID** Number **Goods name** Money Import/ RM Export Flowing **Logistics** Country Profile Nation code **Shipper High risk** In & Out Legitimacy Port **Traveler** People Airliner **United Na** 😁 245 60402cas 해외도 요소병 내역조 848 498 **Broker Supplier** Name **Supplier code Broker code**





### **IV. Smuggling methods**



## □ False labeling

- Disguised ODS(R-22)
  to Non-ODS(R-134a)
- Because R-134a is not a controlled ODS







## Double-layering







## **Smuggling methods**

## □ Mis-declaration



- ODS(R-22) Misdeclared as Orange
- Risk analysis by comparing weight





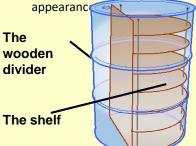
#### **CFC CYLINDERS IN AN OIL DRUM**

of the oil drum



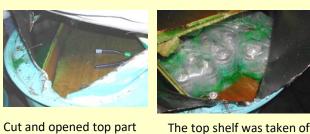


An oil drum with no unusual





Oil drums containing cylinders



The top shelf was taken off, and then cylinders were



Aspect of concealment re-created after cutting vertically the oil drum



Oil drums containing antifreeze only





### **Smuggling methods**

#### Concealment







## V. Labeling of ODS

#### **Trade & chemical names**



- Trade names
  - The names companies give their products, e.g. Brom O Gas
  - See Annex B of UNEP's Customs Training Manual
- Chemical names
  - Different names and formulas can be used
  - Chemical names, e.g. methyl chloroform or 1,1,1trichlorethane
  - See Annex B of UNEP's Customs Training Manual





#### Numbers

#### **ASHRAE & UN numbers**



- ASHRAE number
  - American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, & Airconditioning Engineers
  - Letter R (for refrigerant) + Number designation for refrigerants based on their chemical structure, e.g. R-12
- UN number
  - United Nations Substance Identification Number (UNSIN or UN number)
  - A four digit international standard number which identifies a particular chemical or group of chemicals, e.g. CFC-12's UN number is 1028

See Customs Quick Reference Tool for details





#### Numbers

#### **CAS numbers**

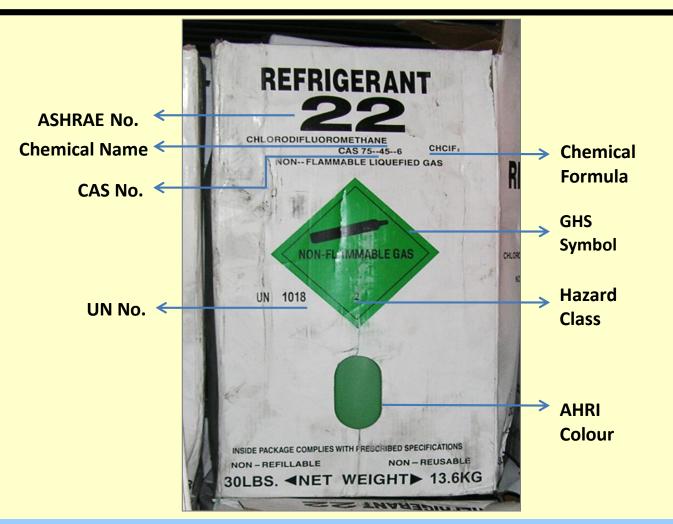
- CAS number
  - Chemical Abstract Service number to identify a chemical. The CAS number contains from 5 to 9 digits separated into three groups by hyphens.
  - The first group, staring from the left, has up to 6 digits;
  - The second group always has 2 digits; the third group always has 1 digit.
  - The CAS number is specific for single chemicals and for some mixtures, e.g. CFC-12 is 75-71-8

See Customs Quick Reference Tool for more details





#### **VI. How to inspect ODS**

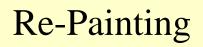






### **ODS Cylinder**











## **False labeling**

# Counterfeit ODS – frequently found in West-Asia and other regions



*Above: A* counterfeit R-134a cylinder. Note the incorrect spelling of Honeywell's *Genetron* brand name





## **False labeling**





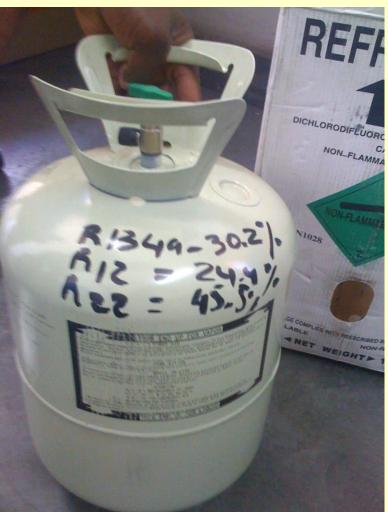




*ve:* CFC-12 in a counterfeit R-134a cylinder. Note the incorrect spelling loneywell's *Genetron* brand name



## **Contaminated mixtures**



Contaminated mixture labelled as R-134a

# These have appeared in many countries...







### How to inspect ODS

- Check misspellings and inconsistencies on the cylinder, packaging and documents
- Check if the cylinder been painted or tampered
- Check the manufacture date is consistent with the paperwork
- Sampling and testing either by refrigerant identifier or laboratory





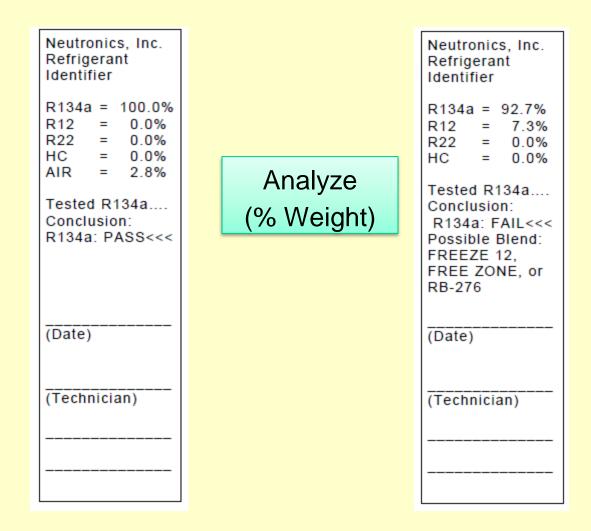
#### **ODS** identifier







## **Example of Results**







## What if ISO Tank Container?







## **CUSTOMS CHECKLIST**

- Compare the packing list, bill of entry, & the country of origin to ensure they match.
- Ensure the customs code on the entry matches the description on the invoice.
- Compare the invoice & the bill of lading to the outward bound ships manifest.
- Verify the country of origin. Is the country a party to the Montreal Protocol & its Amendments?
- Verify that the importer & place of business actually exist.
- Contact the licensing agency to verify that the importer is licensed to import that specific material.
- Note the quantity, source, & destination of the ODS. These will serve as important clues that may provide indicators to prohibit illegal importations.

- Verify that the container number actually exists. Fictitious container numbers are a sign of illegal trade.
- Review all the necessary documents, if something doesn't match, it may be an illegal shipment.
- ✓ Inspect the merchandise.
- Check packaging, size, & shape and label on container.
- Identify the name & description of the chemical, which should match ALL paperwork.
- Seize the material if the importer does not have the import/export licence.
- Coordinate this seizure with the customs officer, environment agency, & the prosecution agency. Anyone involved with the seizure may be called to testify in court, so take good notes.



**United Nations Environment Programme** 



## **Customs Quick Tool Screening ODS**

A good Tool for ODS detections

(Attachments)

□ WCO e-learning tool (Clikc)

http://clikc.wcoomd.org/









#### Thank you for your attention

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